Financial Statements

March 31, 2025

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Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying Alberta Indigenous Opportunities Corporation (AIOC) financial statements have been prepared and presented by management, who is responsible for the integrity and fair presentation of the information.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The financial statements necessarily include certain amounts based on the informed judgments and best estimates of management.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, the AIOC has developed and maintains a system of internal control to produce reliable information for reporting requirements. The systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that AIOC transactions are properly authorized, assets are safeguarded from loss and the accounting records are a reliable basis for the preparation of the financial statements.

The Auditor General of Alberta, the AIOC's external auditor appointed under the *Auditor General Act*, performed an independent external audit of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards and has expressed his opinion in the accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

AIOC's Board of Directors are responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal controls. The Board of Directors exercises this responsibility through the Audit and Risk Committee. In both the presence and absence of management, the Audit and Risk Committee meets with the external auditors to discuss the audit, including any findings as to the integrity of financial reporting processes and the adequacy of our systems of internal controls. The external auditors have full and unrestricted access to the members of the Audit and Risk Committee.

[Original signed by]

[Original signed by]

Chana Martineau
Chief Executive Officer

Hamid Shahzad Vice President, Finance

Auditor General OF ALBERTA

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of the Alberta Indigenous Opportunities Corporation

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of the Alberta Indigenous Opportunities Corporation (the Corporation), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025, and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 2025, and the results of its operations, its changes in net financial assets, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Corporation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The *Annual Report* is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I will perform on this other information, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless an intention exists to liquidate or to cease operations, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

[Original signed by W. Doug Wylie FCPA, FCMA, ICD.D] Auditor General

May 28, 2025 Edmonton, Alberta

Statement of Operations

Year Ended March 31, 2025

(in thousands)

	2025		2024		
		ote 4)	Actual	А	ctual
Revenues (Notes 2(b) and 5)					
Government transfers					
Government of Alberta grants	\$	4,000	\$ 4,000	\$	4,000
Premiums, fees and licences		11,960	3,163		5,097
Other revenue		740	283		430
		16,700	7,446		9,527
Expenses (Note 2(b) and Schedule 1)					
Operating costs		4,644	5,034		4,365
Indigenous opportunities initiatives – Capacity grants		4,000	1,548		2,630
		8,644	6,582		6,995
Annual operating surplus		8,056	864		2,532
Accumulated surplus at beginning of year		6,123	6,123		3,591
Accumulated surplus at end of year	\$	14,179	\$ 6,987	\$	6,123

Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2025

(in thousands)

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	2025	2024
Financial assets		
Cash	\$ 8,242	\$ 8,310
Due from Government of Alberta (Note 7)	1,000	1,000
Accounts receivable	269	22
	9,511	9,332
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities (Note 8)	319	114
Deferred revenue (Note 9)	3,023	3,147
	3,342	3,261
Net financial assets	6,169	6,071
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (Note 14)	770	45
Prepaid expenses	48	7
	818	52
Net assets	6,987	6,123
Net assets		
Accumulated surplus	6,987	6,123
	\$ 6,987	\$ 6,123

Contractual rights (Note 6) Contingent liabilities (Note 11) Contractual obligations (Note 12)

Approved By	Approved By	Approved By
[Original signed by]	[Original signed by]	[Original signed by]
Chana Martineau CEO	Stephen Buffalo Board Chair	Maureen Moneta Chair of Audit & Risk Committee

Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

Year Ended March 31, 2025

(in thousands)

Annual surplus
Acquisition of tangible capital assets (Note 14)
Amortization of tangible capital assets (Note 14)
Changes in Prepaid Expenses
Increase in net financial assets
Net financial assets at the beginning of the year
Net financial assets at the end of the year

2025			2	024	
	udget lote 4)	А	ctual	Ad	ctual
\$	8,056	\$	864	\$	2,532
	(550)		(760)		(21)
	75		35		22
			(41)		
	7,581		98		2,533
	6,071		6,071		3,538
	13,652	\$	6,169	\$	6,071

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended March 31, 2025

(in thousands)

	2	025	2	2024
Operating transactions				
Annual surplus	\$	864	\$	2,532
Non-cash items included in the annual deficit				
Amortization of tangible capital assets (Note 14)		35		22
		899		2,554
Increase in accounts receivables		(247)		(22)
Increase in due from the Government of Alberta		_		(350)
(Increase) in prepaid expenses		(41)		_
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		205		(142)
Decrease in Deferred Revenue		(124)		(148)
Cash provided by operating transactions		692		1,892
Capital transactions				
Acquisition of tangible capital assets (Note 14)		(760)		(21)
Cash applied to capital transactions		(760)		(21)
(Decrease) Increase in cash		(68)		1,871
Cash at beginning of year		8,310		6,439
Cash at end of year	\$	8,242	\$	8,310

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2025

Note 1 Authority and Purpose

Alberta Indigenous Opportunities Corporation (AIOC) is a provincial corporation established on November 26, 2019, and operates under the authority of the *Alberta Indigenous Opportunities Corporation Act*, Chapter A-26.3 of the Statutes of Alberta, 2019.

The mandate of AIOC is to facilitate investment by indigenous groups. The AIOC's mandate includes projects related to natural resources, agriculture, transportation, telecommunications, tourism, and related infrastructure.

AIOC is exempt from income taxes under the *Income Tax Act*.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Reporting Practices

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

(a) Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is Alberta Indigenous Opportunities Corporation, which is part of the Ministry of Indigenous Relations (Ministry) and for which the Minister of Indigenous Relations (Minister) is accountable.

(b) Basis of Financial Reporting

Revenues

All revenues are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues from transactions with performance obligations are recognized when AIOC provides the promised services to a payor.

Cash received for which goods and/ or services have not been provided or performance obligations have not been fulfilled by year-end is recognized as deferred revenue and recorded in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities.

Revenues from transactions with no performance obligations are recognized at their realizable value when AIOC has the authority to claim or retain an inflow of economic resources and identifies a past transaction or event that gives rise to an asset.

Loan guarantees fees

AIOC charges a one time set-up fee in connection with the issuance of loan guarantees. The set-up fee covers the costs of providing the proponent transaction advisory services and issuance of the defined-term loan guarantee.

The annual guarantee and monitoring fees represent the services for maintaining the guarantees and any costs related to facilitating access to capital, reducing the cost of borrowing for the life of the guarantee. Annual guarantee and monitoring fees are recognized annually over the term of the loan guarantee.

Government transfers

Transfers from all governments are referred to as government transfers.

Government transfers and the associated externally restricted investment income are recognized as deferred contributions if the eligibility criteria for use of the transfer, or the stipulations together with AIOC's actions and communications as to the use of the transfer, create a liability. These transfers are recognized as revenue as the stipulations are met and, when applicable, AIOC complies with its communicated use of the transfers.

All other government transfers, without stipulations for the use of the transfer, are recognized as revenue when the transfer is authorized and AIOC meets the eligibility criteria (if any).

Investment income

Investment income includes interest income and is recognized as revenue as earned.

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2025

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Reporting Practices (Cont'd)

(b) Basis of Financial Reporting (Cont'd)

Expenses

Expenses are reported on an accrual basis. The cost of all goods consumed and services received during the year are expensed.

Grants are recognized as expenses when the transfer is authorized, and eligibility criteria have been met by the recipient.

Valuation of Financial Assets and Liabilities

AIOC's financial assets and liabilities are generally measured as follows:

Financial statement component	Measurement
Cash	Cost
Accounts receivable	Lower of cost or net recoverable value
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	Cost

AIOC has no financial assets or liabilities in the fair value category and has no derivatives or unsettled exchange gains or losses therefore the statement of remeasurement gains or losses is not included in these financial statements.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are assets that could be used to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations and are not for consumption in the normal course of operations.

Financial assets are AIOC's financial claims on external organizations and individuals, at year end.

Cash

Cash is comprised of cash on hand and demand deposits.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are recognized at the lower of cost or net recoverable value. A valuation allowance is recognized when recovery is uncertain.

<u>Liabilities</u>

Liabilities are present obligations of AIOC to external organizations and individuals arising from past transactions or events occurring before the year end, the settlement of which is expected to result in the future sacrifice of economic benefits. They are recognized when there is an appropriate basis of measurement and management can reasonably estimate the amounts.

Loan guarantee loss provision

A liability and expense for the provision for losses on loan guarantees is recognized when it is determined that a loss is likely.

Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are acquired, constructed, or developed assets that do not normally provide resources to discharge existing liabilities, but instead:

- (a) are normally employed to deliver government services;
- (b) may be consumed in the normal course of operations; and
- (c) are not for sale in the normal course of operations.

Non-financial assets include tangible capital assets and prepaid expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2025

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Reporting Practices (Cont'd)

(b) Basis of Financial Reporting (Cont'd)

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recognized at cost less accumulated amortization, which includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement, or betterment of the assets. Cost includes overhead directly attributable to construction and development, as well as interest costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the asset.

The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets, excluding land, is amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture and equipment 5 Years

Leasehold improvements amortized over the life of the lease

Computer hardware and software 3 Years

Note 3 Future Changes in Accounting Standards

On April 1, 2026, AIOC will adopt the following new conceptual framework and accounting standard approved by the Public Sector Accounting Board:

The Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting in the Public Sector

The Conceptual Framework is the foundation for public sector financial reporting standard setting. It replaces the conceptual aspects of Section PS 1000 Financial Statement Concepts and Section PS1100 Financial Statement Objectives. The conceptual framework highlights considerations fundamental for the consistent application of accounting issues in the absence of specific standards.

PS 1202 Financial Statement Presentation

Section PS 1202 sets out general and specific requirements for the presentation of information in general-purpose financial statements. The financial statement presentation principles are based on the concepts within the Conceptual Framework.

Management is currently assessing the impact of the conceptual framework and the standard on the financial statements.

Note 4 Budget

(in thousands)

The Board of Directors approved a business plan with a budgeted surplus of \$8,056 on December 14, 2023.

Included in the budget was a \$4,000 grant from Department of Indigenous Relations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2025

Note 5 Revenues

(in thousands)

AIOC provides services for the below categories of revenue. Revenue is recognized as AIOC satisfies the performance obligations as described in note 2 (b).

Premiums, fees and licences
Loan guarantee set-up fees
Loan guarantee annual fees
Loan guarantee monitoring fees

Other

Investment income

Recovery costs

2025	2024
\$ 989	\$ 3,544
2,149	1,528
25	25
\$ 3,163	\$ 5,097
\$ 278	\$ 277
5	153
\$ 283	\$ 430

Note 6 Contractual Rights

(in thousands)

Contractual rights are rights of AIOC to economic resources arising from contracts or agreements that will result in revenues in the future when the terms of those contracts or agreements are met.

Contractual rights from loan guarantee contracts

2025		2024
\$	24,594	\$ 24,455

Estimated amounts that will be received or receivable for each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Loan guarantee contracts					
2025-26	\$	2,299			
2026-27		2,247			
2027-28		2,168			
2028-29		2,057			
2029-30		1,933			
Thereafter		13,890			
	\$	24,594			

Note 7 Due From Government of Alberta

(in thousands)

Due from the Department of Indigenous Relations

	2025	2024
\$	1,000	\$ 1,000

Amounts due from the Department of Indigenous Relations are in respect of the fourth quarter grant of \$1,000, recognized as revenue but not received.

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2025

Note 8 Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities

(in thousands)

Accounts payable

Other accrued liabilities

2025	2024
\$ 258	\$ 43
61	71
\$ 319	\$ 114

Note 9 Deferred Revenue

(in thousands)

Opening Balance
Additions
Recognized into Revenue

Closing Balance

2025	2024
\$ 3,147	\$ 3,295
2,222	1,582
(2,346)	(1,730)
\$ 3,023	\$ 3,147

Deferred revenue includes the unrecognized portion of fees received related to loan guarantees that will be recognized over the term of the guarantees.

Note 10 Financial Risk Management

AIOC has the following financial instruments: accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. AIOC has exposure to the following risks:

(a) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that AIOC will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. Liquidity requirements of AIOC are met through guaranteed grant funding from the Department of Indigenous Relations. This source of cash is used to pay operating expenses.

(b) Credit Risk

Counterparty credit risk is the risk of loss arising from the failure of a counterparty to fully honour its financial obligations with AIOC. The credit quality of financial assets is generally assessed by reference to external credit ratings. Credit risk can also lead to losses when issuers and debtors are downgraded by credit rating agencies usually leading to a fall in the fair value of the counterparty's obligations. Credit risk exposure for financial instruments is measured by the positive fair value of the contractual obligations with counterparties. The fair value of all loan guarantees reported in note 11 is directly or indirectly impacted by credit risk to some degree. The majority of AIOC's loan guarantees with counterparties are considered to be investment grade.

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2025

Note 11 Contingent Liabilities

At March 31, 2025, AIOC was not named as defendant in any specific legal actions and there are no other known contingent liabilities.

Pursuant to an agreement dated August 27, 2020, AIOC provided a loan guarantee of \$93 million ("Cascade Loan Guarantee") in favour of ATB Financial as Agent and other Secured Creditors ("Creditor Group") to enable a consortium of six Alberta First Nations ("First Nations Group") to participate in the Cascade Power Project ("Cascade"). In the event that there is a breach of loan conditions between the Creditor Group and the First Nations Group, and that breach remains uncured, the Creditor Group has a right against AIOC to call on the Cascade Loan Guarantee up to a maximum value of \$93 million to offset any losses incurred by the Creditor Group with respect to amounts loaned by the Creditor Group to the First Nations Group in respect of Cascade. As AIOC is a Crown agent, AIOC's obligations under the Cascade Loan Guarantee are effectively underwritten by the Government of Alberta. As of the date of these financial statements, there have been no known breaches that could lead to a call on the Cascade Loan Guarantee.

Pursuant to an agreement dated April 1, 2021, AIOC provided a loan guarantee of \$25 million ("Lindbergh Loan Guarantee") in favour of Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce as Agent and other Secured Creditors ("Creditor Group") to enable Frog Lake Midstream LP to retain ownership of certain infrastructure-related assets to the Lindbergh oil sands project. In the event that there is a breach of the loan and security documents between the Creditor Group and Frog Lake Midstream LP, and that breach remains uncured, the Creditor Group has a right against AIOC to call on the Lindbergh Loan Guarantee up to a maximum value of \$25 million to offset any losses incurred by the Creditor Group with respect to the obligations of Frog Lake Midstream LP to the Creditor Group in respect of Lindbergh. As AIOC is a Crown agent, AIOC's obligations under the Lindbergh Loan Guarantee are effectively underwritten by the Government of Alberta. As of the date of these financial statements, there have been no known breaches that could lead to a call on the Lindbergh Loan Guarantee.

Pursuant to an agreement dated November 30, 2021, AIOC provided a loan guarantee of \$40 million ("Northern Courier Pipeline Limited Partnership Loan Guarantee") in favour of ATB Financial as Agent and other Secured Creditors ("Creditor Group") to enable Tahsipiy LP, a consortium of 8 Indigenous Communities, to purchase an interest in the Northern Courier Pipeline Limited Partnership ("NCP"). In the event that there is a breach of the loan and security documents between the Creditor Group and Tahsipiy LP, and that breach remains uncured, the Creditor Group has a right against AIOC to call on the NCP Loan Guarantee up to a maximum value of \$40 million to offset any losses incurred by the Creditor Group with respect to the obligations of Tahsipiy LP to the Creditor Group in respect of NCP. As AIOC is a Crown agent, AIOC's obligations under the NCP Loan Guarantee are effectively underwritten by the Government of Alberta. As of the date of these financial statements, there have been no known breaches that could lead to a call on the NCP Loan Guarantee.

Pursuant to an agreement dated September 29, 2022, AIOC provided a loan guarantee of \$250 million ("Athabasca Indigenous Investments Loan Guarantee") in favour of ATB Financial as Agent and other Secured Creditors ("Creditor Group") to enable Athabasca Indigenous Investments Holdings LP ("Aii"), a consortium of twenty-three Indigenous Communities, to purchase an equity interest in the Enbridge Athabasca Region Trunkline. In the event that there is a breach of loan conditions between the Creditor Group and the First Nations Group, and that breach remains uncured, the Creditor Group has a right against AIOC to call on the Athabasca Indigenous Investment Loan Guarantee up to a maximum value of \$250 million to offset any losses incurred by the Creditor Group with respect to amounts loaned by the Creditor Group to the First Nations Group in respect of Aii. As AIOC is a Crown agent, AIOC's obligations under the Athabasca Indigenous Investments Loan Guarantee are effectively underwritten by the Government of Alberta. As of the date of these financial statements, there have been no known breaches that could lead to a call on the Alberta Indigenous Investment Loan Guarantee.

Pursuant to an agreement dated July 25, 2023, Alberta Indigenous Opportunities Corporation ("AIOC") provided a loan guarantee of \$103 million ("Northern Lakeland Indigenous Alliance Holdings Limited Partnership Loan Guarantee", or "NLIAHLP Loan Guarantee") in favor of ATB Financial as Lender ("Creditor") to enable Northern Lakeland Indigenous Alliance Holdings Limited Partnership ("NLIAHLP"), a consortium of five Indigenous Communities, to purchase an equity interest in the Access NGL Pipeline System ("Access NGL"). In the event that there is a breach of loan conditions between the Creditor and the consortium of Indigenous Communities, and that breach remains uncured, the Creditor has a right against AIOC to call on the NLIAHLP Loan Guarantee up to a maximum value of \$103 million to offset any losses incurred by the Creditor with respect to amounts loaned by the Creditor to the consortium of Indigenous Communities in respect of the NLIAHLP. As AIOC is a Crown agent, AIOC's obligations under the NLIAHLP Loan Guarantee are effectively underwritten by the Government of Alberta. As of the date of these financial statements, there have been no known breaches that could lead to a call on the NLIAHLP Loan Guarantee.

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2025

Note 11 Contingent Liabilities (Cont'd)

Pursuant to an agreement dated December 15, 2023, AIOC provided a loan guarantee of \$150 million ("Wapiscanis Waseskwan Nipiy (WWNLP) Limited Partnership", or "WWNLP Loan Guarantee") in favor of ATB Financial, Manulife Canadian Private Debt Fund and Manufacturers Life Insurance Company as Lenders ("Creditors") to enable Wapiscanis Waseskwan Nipiy ("WWN") limited partnership, a consortium of 12 Indigenous Communities, to purchase an equity interest in the Clearwater Infrastructure Limited Partnership ("CIP") oil and gas midstream infrastructure project. In the event that there is a breach of loan conditions between the Creditors and the consortium of Indigenous Communities, and that breach remains uncured, the Creditors have a right against AIOC to call on the WWNLP Loan Guarantee up to a maximum value of \$150 million to offset any losses incurred by the Creditor with respect to amounts loaned by the Creditor to the consortium of Indigenous Communities in respect of the WWNLP. As AIOC is a Crown agent, AIOC's obligations under the WWNLP Loan Guarantee are effectively underwritten by the Government of Alberta. As of the date of these financial statements, there have been no known breaches that could lead to a call on the WWNLP Loan Guarantee.

Pursuant to an agreement dated December 15, 2023, AIOC provided a loan guarantee of \$20.5 million ("Niyanin Nations (Niyanin) Limited Partnership", or "NNLP Loan Guarantee") in favor of CIBC as Lender ("Creditor") to enable Niyanin Nations ("Niyanin") limited partnership, a consortium of five Indigenous Communities, to purchase an equity interest in the Wembley gas plant. In the event that there is a breach of loan conditions between the CIBC and the consortium of Indigenous Communities, and that breach remains uncured, the Creditor has a right against AIOC to call on the NNLP Loan Guarantee up to a maximum value of \$20.5 million to offset any losses incurred by the Creditor with respect to amounts loaned by the Creditor to the consortium of Indigenous Communities in respect of the NNLP. As AIOC is a Crown agent, AIOC's obligations under the NNLP Loan Guarantee are effectively underwritten by the Government of Alberta. As of the date of these financial statements, there have been no known breaches that could lead to a call on the NNLP Loan Guarantee.

Pursuant to an agreement dated September 17, 2024, AIOC provided a loan guarantee of \$44 million ("Wapiscanis Waseskwan Nipiy (WWNLP) Limited Partnership", or "WWNLP Loan Guarantee") in favor of ATB Financial, Manulife Canadian Private Debt Fund and Manufacturers Life Insurance Company as Lenders ("Creditors") to enable Wapiscanis Waseskwan Nipiy ("WWN") limited partnership, a consortium of 13 Indigenous Communities, to expand an equity interest in the Clearwater Infrastructure Limited Partnership ("CIP") oil and gas midstream infrastructure project. In the event that there is a breach of loan conditions between the Creditors and the consortium of Indigenous Communities, and that breach remains uncured, the Creditors have a right against AIOC to call on the WWNLP Loan Guarantee up to a maximum value of \$194 million (after the expansion) to offset any losses incurred by the Creditor with respect to amounts loaned by the Creditor to the consortium of Indigenous Communities in respect of the WWNLP. As AIOC is a Crown agent, AIOC's obligations under the WWNLP Loan Guarantee are effectively underwritten by the Government of Alberta. As of the date of these financial statements, there have been no known breaches that could lead to a call on the WWNLP Loan Guarantee.

Pursuant to an agreement dated March 31, 2025, AIOC provided a loan guarantee of \$22 million to ("Gin Solar Limited Partnership (GSLP)", or "GSLP Loan Guarantee") in favor of Equitable Life Insurance Company of Canada as Lender ("Creditor") to enable Cold Lake First Nations ("CLFN"), an Indigenous Community, to purchase an equity interest in the Duchess Solar project. In the event that there is a breach of loan conditions between the Creditor and GSLP, and that breach remains uncured, the Creditor has a right against AIOC to call on the GSLP Loan Guarantee up to a maximum value of \$22 million to offset any losses incurred by the Creditor with respect to amounts loaned by the Creditor to GSLP. As AIOC is a Crown agent, AIOC's obligations under the GSLP Loan Guarantee are effectively underwritten by the Government of Alberta. As of the date of these financial statements, there have been no known breaches that could lead to a call on the GSLP Loan Guarantee.

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2025

Note 12 Contractual Obligations

(in thousands)

Contractual obligations are obligations of AIOC to others that will become liabilities in the future when the terms of the contracts or agreements are met.

	20	25	2024
Obligations under leases, contracts, and programs	\$	1,469	\$ 176
Estimated payment requirements for each of the next five years and therea			
Operating leases, contracts, and programs 2025-26			\$ 531
2026-27			271
2027-28			229
2028-29			230
2029-30			195
Thereafter		_	13
			\$ 1,469

Note 13 Benefit Plan

(in thousands)

AIOC provides benefits whereby it makes available contributions for Registered Retirement Savings Plans (RRSP) on behalf of employees of AIOC. The contributions are calculated based on a fixed percentage of the employee's salary to a maximum of the RRSP contribution limit as specified in the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). The expense of \$238 (2024 – \$165) included in these financial statements represents the current contributions made on behalf of these employees.

Note 14 Tangible Capital Assets

(in thousands)

		Furniture & Equipment				easehold ovements	2025 Total	2024 Total
Estimated Useful Life	5	5 Years		3 Years		se Duration		
Historical cost								
Beginning of year	\$	55	\$	30	\$	34	\$ 119	\$ 98
Additions		100		_		660	760	21
		155		30		694	879	119
Accumulated amortization								
Beginning of year		34		30		10	74	52
Amortization expense		16		_		19	35	22
		50		30		29	109	74
Net Book Value at March 31, 2025	\$	105	\$	_	\$	665	\$ 770	45
Net Book Value at March 31, 2024	\$	21	\$	_	\$	24		\$ 45

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2025

Note 15 **Comparative Figures**

Certain prior period figures have been reclassified, where necessary, to conform to the current year presentation.

Note 16 **Approval of Financial Statements**

The Board of Directors approved the financial statements of AIOC on May 28, 2025.

Schedule 1

Alberta Indigenous Opportunities Corporation

Expenses – Detailed by Object

March 31, 2025

(in thousands)
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits
Supplies and services
Capacity grants
Amortization of tangible capital assets (Note 14)
Total expenses

	202	2024				
	Budget			_		
	(Note 4)	Actual	Actual			
\$	3,700	\$ 3,310	\$	2,741		
	869	1,689		1,602		
	4,000	1,548		2,630		
	75	35		22		
\$	8,644	\$ 6,582	\$	6,995		

Schedule 2

Alberta Indigenous Opportunities Corporation

Salary and Benefits Disclosure

March 31, 2025

(in thousands)		2024							
	Base salary ⁽¹⁾				her non-cash benefits ⁽³⁾		Total		Total
Board of Directors									
Board Chair ⁽⁴⁾	\$ -	\$	30	\$	_	\$	30	\$	28
Board Members ⁽⁴⁾	_		124		11		135		114
Executive									
Chief Executive Officer	264		6		77		347		311
Chief Investment Officer ^(5&6)	347		_		58		405		197
Interim Chief Investment Officer ^(5&6)	-		_		_		_		258
Vice President Finance ⁽⁷⁾ 200			7	47		47 254			223
Vice President Investments(8)	248		22		68		338		139
Vice President Engagement(9)	18		32		6		56		187
Total	\$ 1,077	\$	221	\$	267	\$	1,565	\$	1,457

Other than honoraria referenced below, the Chair and Members of the Board receive no remuneration for participation on the Board.

- (1) Base salary includes regular salary and retroactive pay.
- (2) Other cash benefits include vacation payouts, car allowance, honoraria, and severance. There were no bonuses paid in 2025.
- Other non-cash benefits include employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions, or payments made on behalf of employees including RRSP, health care, dental coverage, group life insurance, short- and long-term disability plans, training fees, conference fees and fair market value of parking.
- (4) Remuneration and expenses of the Board are prescribed by Order in Council 2021-334 and revised by Order in Council 2022-148 issued on May 4, 2022 and 233/2023 issued on December 18, 2023. There were nine Board members during the year.
- (5) Position filled October 10, 2023.
- (6) After the CIO left in February 2023, an Interim CIO was hired to fill the vacant position. The interim CIO worked until December 2023 to close the existing projects and hand them over to the investment team.
- (7) The position was renamed on December 2, 2024. Previously, the position was called "Senior Financial Officer".
- (8) Position filled October 16, 2023.
- (9) Position filled July 4, 2023; Vice President departed on May 1, 2024.

Schedule 3

Alberta Indigenous Opportunities Corporation

Related Party Transactions

March 31, 2025

Related parties are those entities consolidated or accounted for on the modified equity basis in the Government of Alberta's Consolidated Financial Statements. Related parties also include key management personnel and close family members of those individuals in AIOC. There were no transactions between AIOC and its key management personnel or close family members during the year.

AIOC had the following transactions with related parties reported in the Statement of Operations and the Statement of Financial Position at the amount of consideration agreed upon between the related parties.

(in thousands)	2025		2024				
	Entities in the Ministry		Other Entities	Entities in the Ministry		Oth	ner Entities
Revenues							
Grants from the Department of Indigenous Relations	\$	4,000	-	\$	4,000	\$	_
	\$	4,000	_	\$	4,000	\$	_
Expenses							
Department of Indigenous Relations			_		1		
	\$		_	\$	1	\$	
Receivable from							
Department of Indigenous Relations		1,000	_		1,000		
	\$	1,000	\$ -	\$	1,000	\$	_